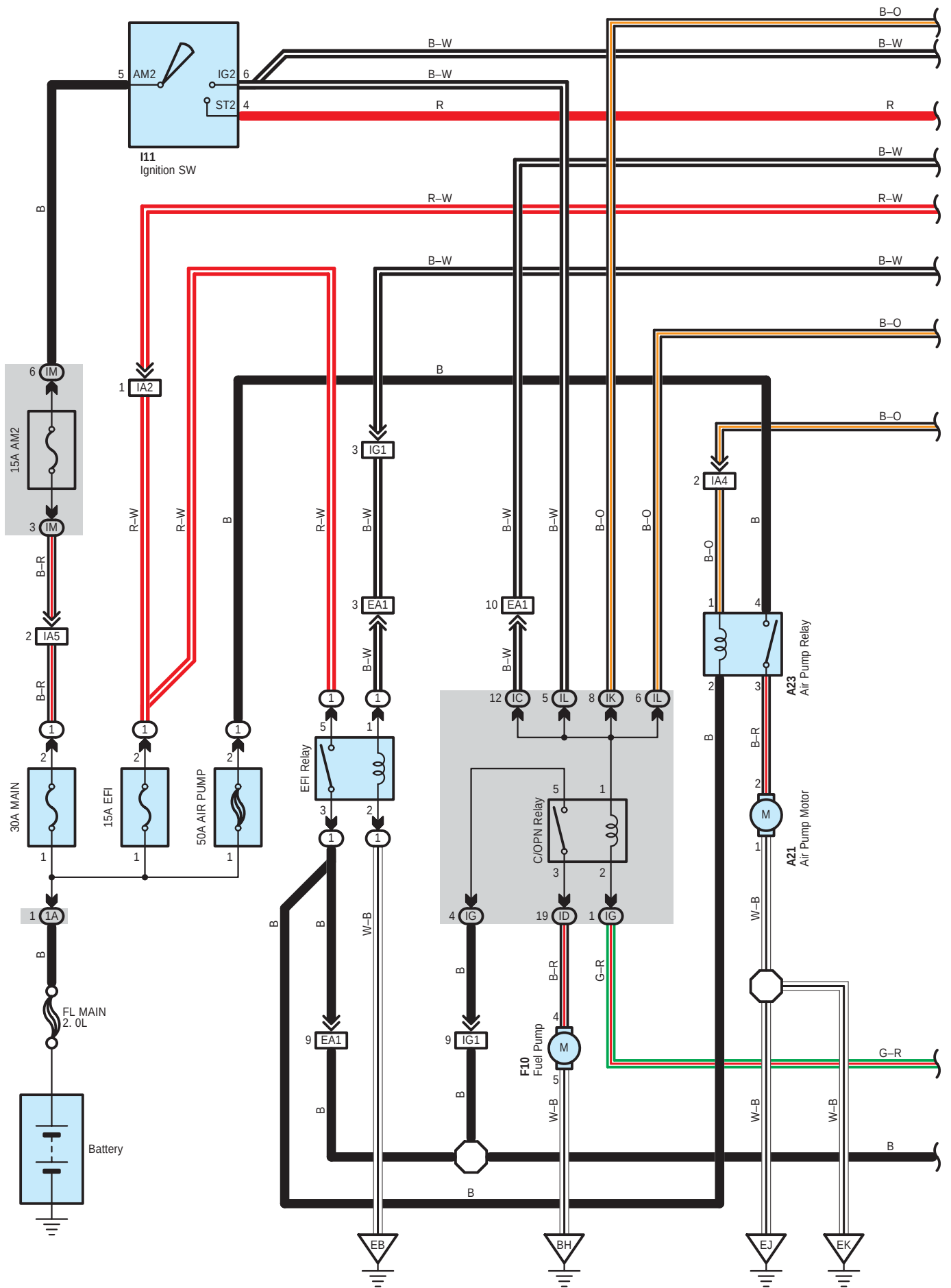
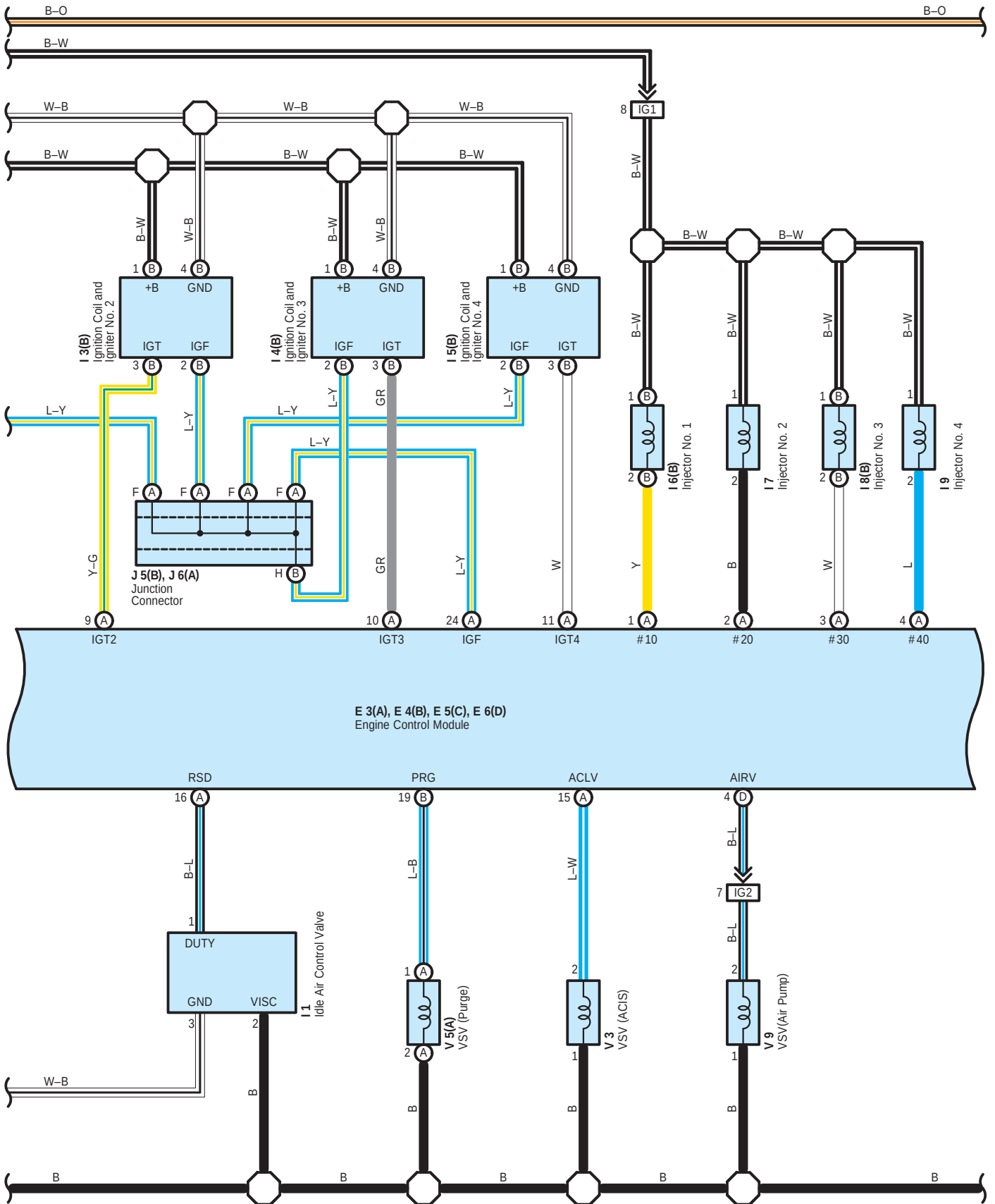


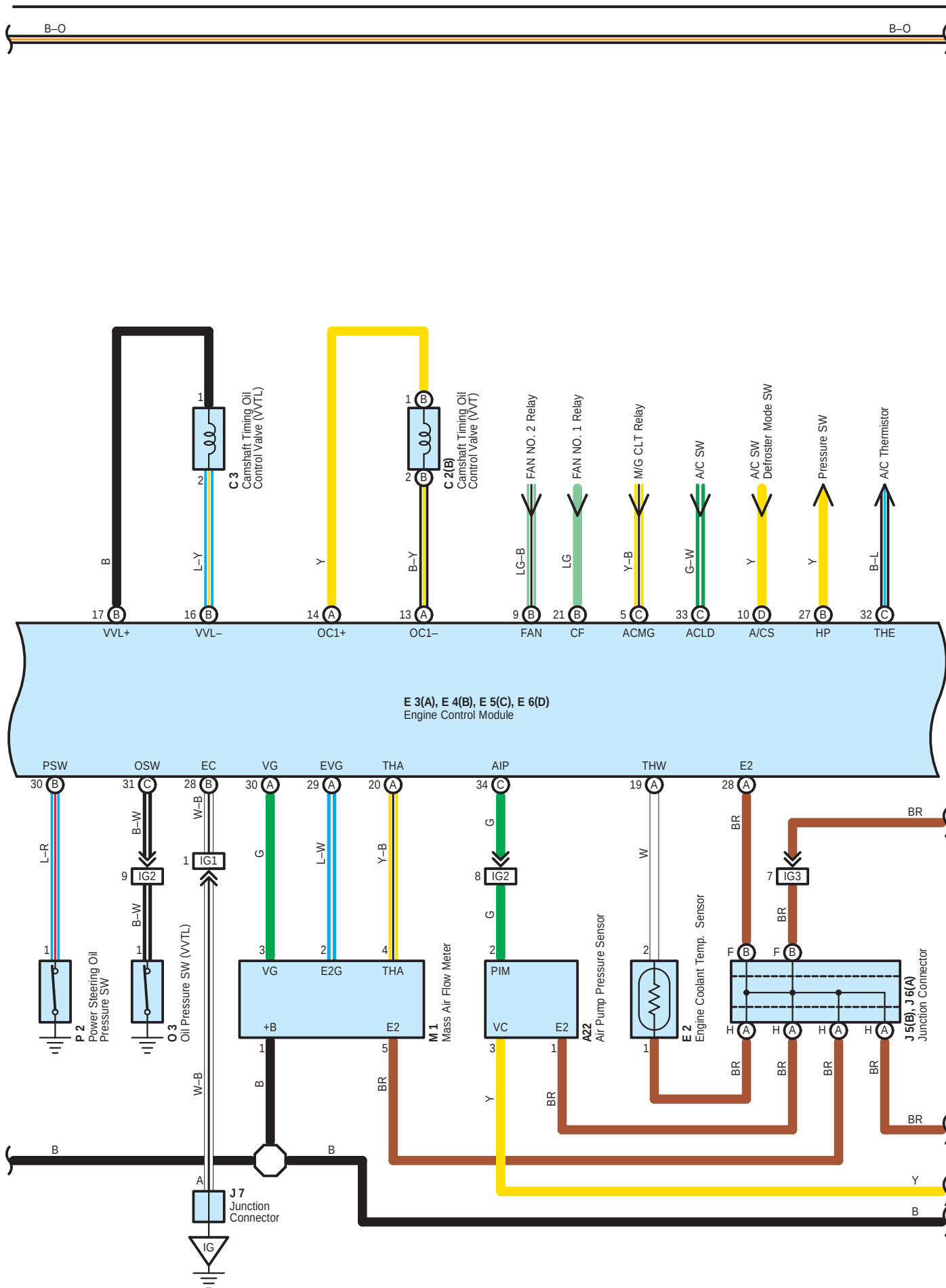
Engine Control for 2ZZ-GE



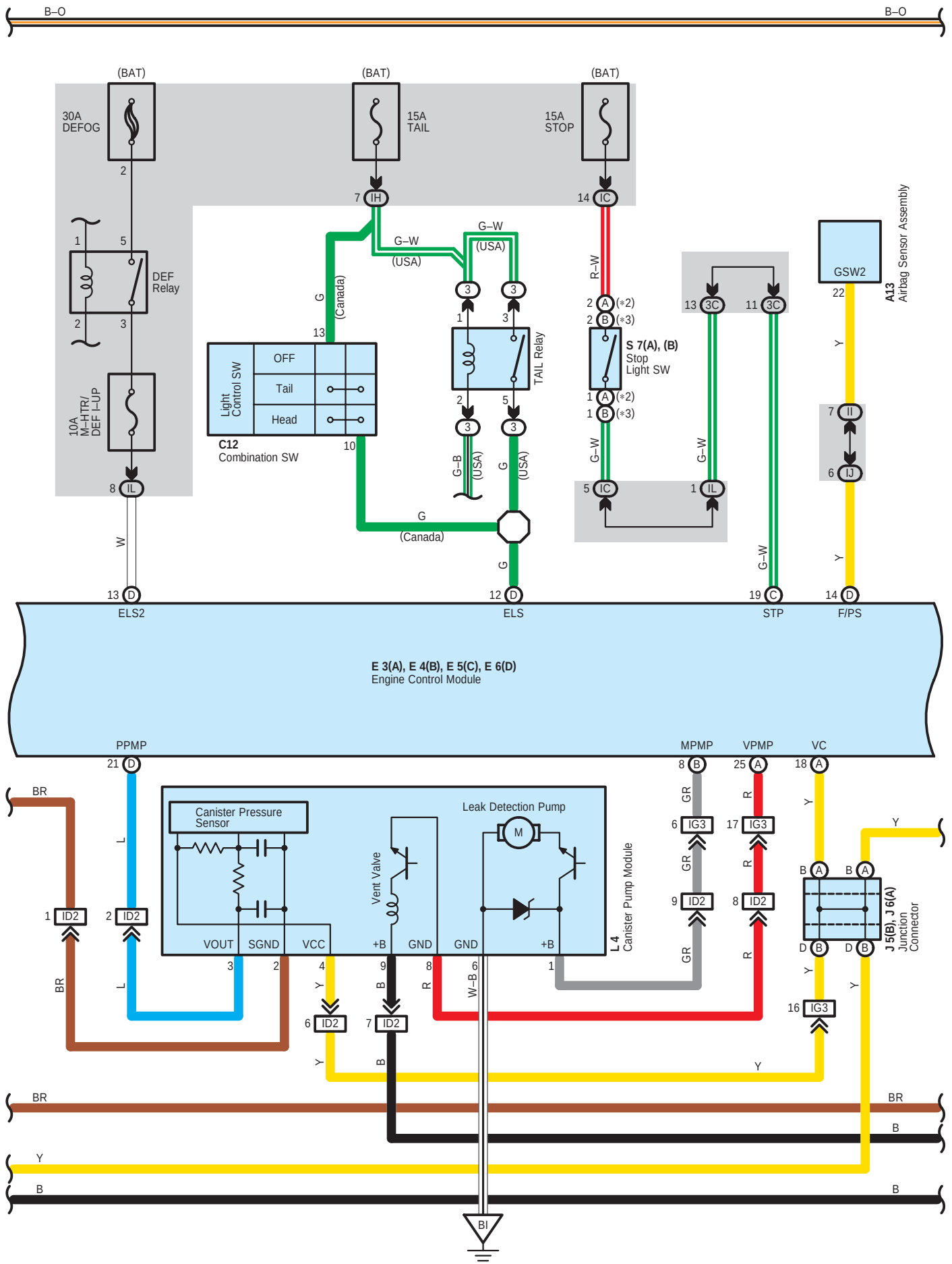


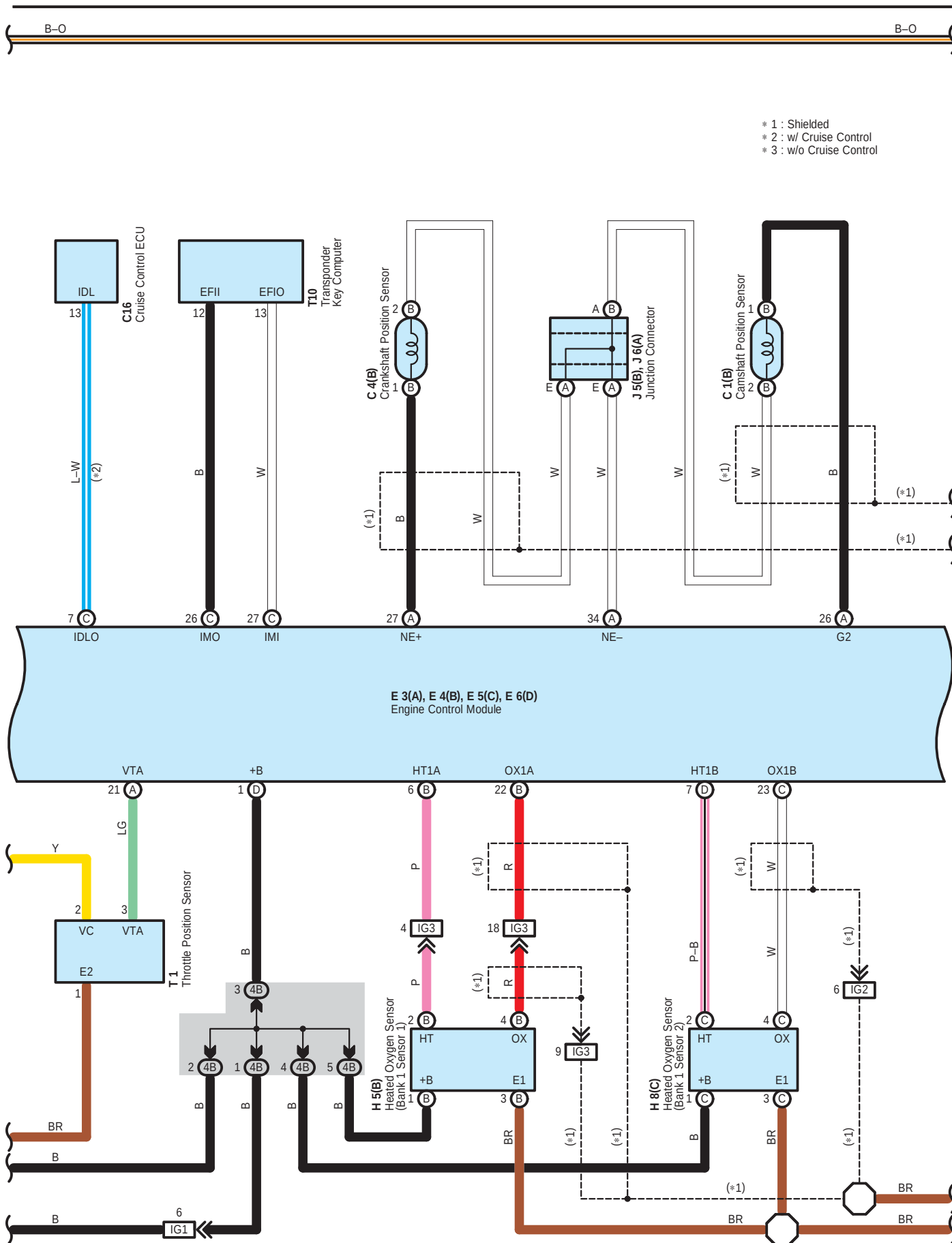
Engine Control for 2ZZ-GE



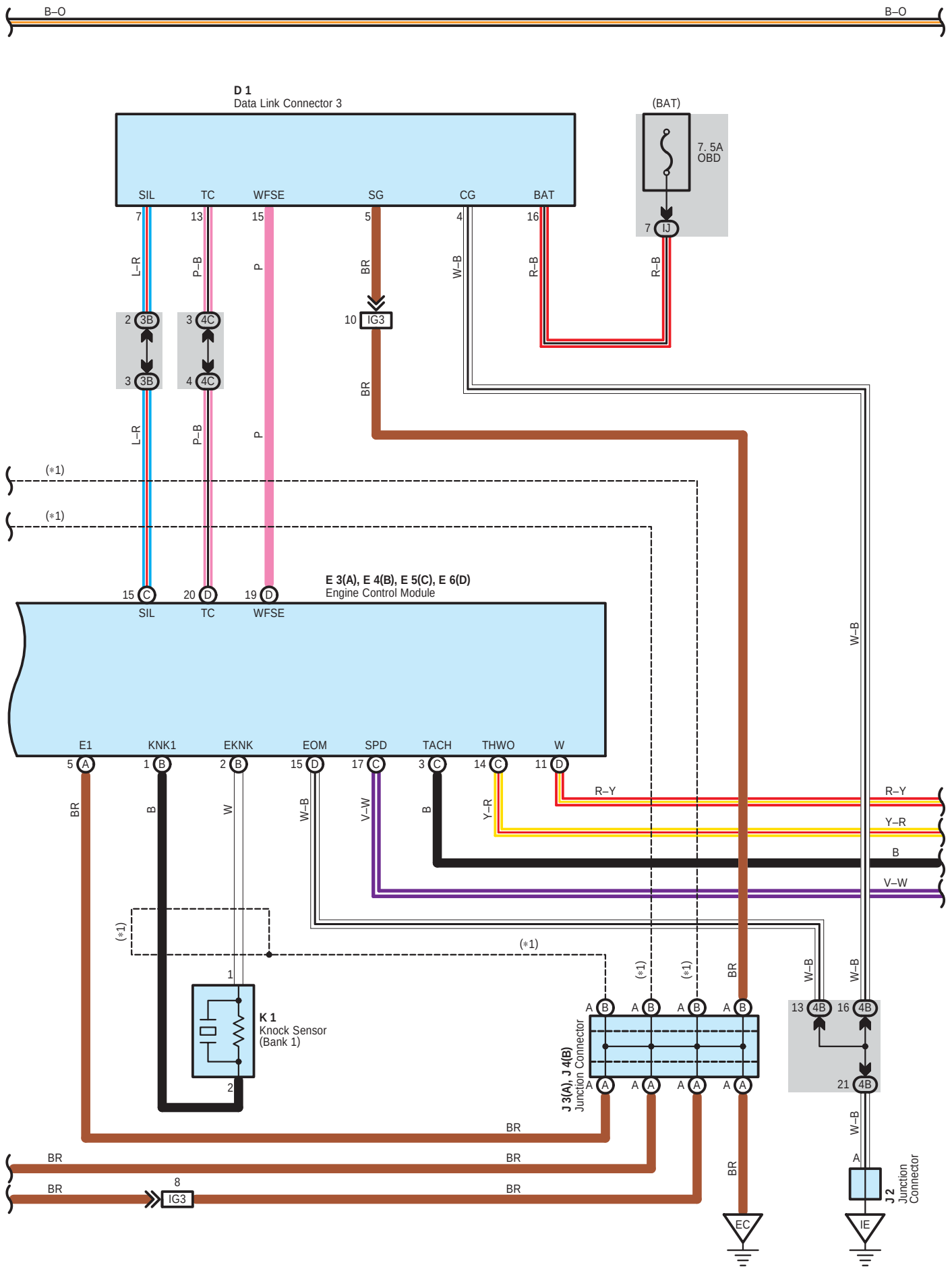


Engine Control for 2ZZ-GE





Engine Control for 2ZZ-GE



System Outline

The engine control system utilizes a microcomputer and maintains overall control of the engine, etc. An outline of engine control is given here.

1. Input Signals

(1) Engine coolant temp. signal system

The engine coolant temp. sensor detects the engine coolant temp. and has a built-in thermistor with a resistance which varies according to the engine coolant temp. Thus the engine coolant temp. is input as a control signal to TERMINAL THW of the engine control module.

(2) Intake air temp. signal system

The intake air temp. sensor is installed in the mass air flow meter and detects the intake air temp., which is input as a control signal to TERMINAL THA of the engine control module.

(3) Power steering oil pressure signal system

Power steering oil pressure is detected by the power steering oil pressure SW and is input as a control signal to TERMINAL PSW of the engine control module.

(4) RPM signal system

Camshaft position and crankshaft position are detected by the camshaft position sensor and crankshaft position sensor. Camshaft position is input as a control signal to TERMINAL G2 of the engine control module, and engine RPM is input into TERMINAL NE+.

(5) Throttle signal system

The throttle position sensor detects the throttle valve opening angle, which is input as a control signal to TERMINAL VTA of the engine control module.

(6) Vehicle speed signal system

The vehicle speed is detected by the ABS speed sensor and the signal is input to TERMINAL SPD of the engine control module via the comb. meter and the skid control ECU with actuator. (w/ ABS)

The vehicle speed is detected by the vehicle speed sensor installed in the transaxle and the signal is input to TERMINAL SPD of the engine control module via the comb. meter. (w/o ABS)

(7) A/C SW signal system

The operating voltage of the A/C SW is detected and is input as a control signal to TERMINAL A/CS of the engine control module.

(8) Battery signal system

Voltage is constantly applied to TERMINAL BATT of the engine control module. When the ignition SW is turned to on, voltage for engine control module operation is applied via the EFI relay to TERMINAL +B of the engine control module.

(9) Intake air volume signal system

Intake air volume is detected by the mass air flow meter, and is input as a control signal to TERMINAL VG of the engine control module.

(10) STA signal system

To confirm that the engine is cranking, the voltage applied to the starter motor during cranking is detected and is input as a control signal to TERMINAL STA of the engine control module.

(11) Oxygen sensor signal system

The oxygen density in the exhaust gases is detected and is input as a control signal into TERMINALS OX1A and OX1B of the engine control module. To maintain stable detection performance by the oxygen sensor, a heater is used for warming the sensor. The heater is also controlled by the engine control module (HT1A and HT1B).

(12) Engine knock signal system

Engine knocking is detected by the knock sensor (Bank 1) and input as a control signal to TERMINAL KNK1 of the engine control module.

(13) Electrical load signal system

When systems which cause a high electrical load such as the rear window defogger, taillight are turned on, a signal is input to TERMINALS ELS and ELS2 as a control signal.

2. Control System

* SFI system

The SFI system monitors the engine conditions through the signals, which are input from each sensor to the engine control module. Based on this data and the program memorized in the engine control module, the most appropriate fuel injection timing is decided and current is output to TERMINALS #10, #20, #30 and #40 of the engine control module, operating the injectors (to inject fuel). This is the system which finely controls the fuel injection in response to the driving conditions, through the engine control module.

* ESA system

The ESA system monitors the engine conditions using the signals, which are input to the engine control module from each sensor. Based on this data and the program memorized in the engine control module, the most appropriate ignition timing is decided and current is output to TERMINALS IGT1, IGT2, IGT3 and IGT4 of the engine control module. This output controls the ignition coil and igniter No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 and No. 4 to produce the most appropriate ignition timing for the driving conditions.

* IAC system

The IAC system increases the RPM and provides idle stability for fast idle-up when the engine is cold, and when the idle speed has dropped due to electrical load and so on. The engine control module evaluates the signals from each sensor, and outputs current to TERMINAL RSD to control the idle air control valve.

* Knock control system

Knock control system controls the gate based on the engine rotation speed and detects knocking by the peak value of the knock sensor (Bank 1) output during the gate open period, and then controls it to the most suitable ignition timing in proportion to the driving condition.

* Evaporaparge control system

This system leads the vapor stuck to the canister to the surge tank in order not to agitate the air fuel by adjusting the fuel injection volume.

The signal at this time will be output from TERMINAL PRG of the engine control module to VSV (Purge).

3. Diagnosis System

With the diagnosis system, when there is a malfunctioning in the engine control module signal system, the malfunction system is recorded in the memory. The malfunctioning system can be found by reading the display (Code) of the malfunction indicator lamp.

4. Fail-Safe System

When a malfunction occurs in any system, if there is a possibility of engine trouble being caused by continued control based on the signals from that system, the fail-safe system either controls the system by using the data (Standard values) recorded in the engine control module memory or else stops the engine.

○ : Parts Location

Code	See Page	Code	See Page	Code	See Page
A13	38	E6	D	J5	B
A21	34 (2ZZ-GE)	F10		J6	A
A22	34 (2ZZ-GE)	H5	B	J7	
A23	34 (2ZZ-GE)	H8	C	K1	35 (2ZZ-GE)
C1	B	I1		L4	41
C2	B	I2	B	M1	35 (2ZZ-GE)
C3	34 (2ZZ-GE)	I3	B	O3	35 (2ZZ-GE)
C4	B	I4	B	P2	35 (2ZZ-GE)
C10	38	I5	B	S1	B
C11	38	I6	B	S7	A
C12	38	I7		S7	B
C16	38	I8	B	T1	35 (2ZZ-GE)
D1	38	I9		T10	39
E2	34 (2ZZ-GE)	I11		V3	35 (2ZZ-GE)
E3	A	J2		V5	A
E4	B	J3	A	V9	35 (2ZZ-GE)
E5	C	J4	B		

Engine Control for 2ZZ-GE

: Relay Blocks

Code	See Page	Relay Blocks (Relay Block Location)
1	23	Engine Room R/B (Engine Compartment Left)
3	28	RH R/B (Right Side of the Instrument Panel Reinforcement)

: Junction Block and Wire Harness Connector

Code	See Page	Junction Block and Wire Harness (Connector Location)
IC	25	Engine Room Main Wire and Instrument Panel J/B (Lower Finish Panel)
ID	25	Floor Wire and Instrument Panel J/B (Lower Finish Panel)
IG	25	Instrument Panel Wire and Instrument Panel J/B (Lower Finish Panel)
IH		
II		
IJ		
IK	24	
IL		
IM		
1A	23	Engine Wire and Engine Room J/B (Engine Compartment Left)
3B	29	Instrument Panel Wire and RH J/B (Right Side of the Instrument Panel Reinforcement)
3C		
4B	32	Instrument Panel Wire and Center J/B (Behind the Combination Meter)
4C		

: Connector Joining Wire Harness and Wire Harness

Code	See Page	Joining Wire Harness and Wire Harness (Connector Location)
EA1	42 (2ZZ-GE)	Engine Wire and Engine Room Main Wire (Inside of the Engine Room R/B)
IA2	44	Engine Room Main Wire and Instrument Panel Wire (Instrument Panel Reinforcement LH)
IA4		
IA5		
IA6		
ID2	44	Instrument Panel Wire and Floor Wire (Left Kick Panel)
IG1	45	Engine Wire and Instrument Panel Wire (Blower Unit RH)
IG2		
IG3		

: Ground Points

Code	See Page	Ground Points Location
EB	42 (2ZZ-GE)	Front Left Suspension Tower
EC	42 (2ZZ-GE)	Left Side of the Cylinder Head
ED		
EJ	42 (2ZZ-GE)	Left Fender
EK	42 (2ZZ-GE)	Front Left Suspension Tower
IE	44	Behind Combination Meter
IG	44	Right Kick Panel
BH	46	Left Quarter Panel
BI	46	Right Quarter Panel

